[THURSDAY, *March* 12, 1772.] THE [NUMB. 1523.]

NEW-YORK GENERAL JOURNAL; OR, THE ADVERTISER.

Containing the freſheſt ADVICES, *both* FOREIGN *and* DOMESTIC

PRINTED AND PUPLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, ON HUNTER'S-QUAY, ROTTON-ROW.

PRICE-CURRENT, in NEW-YORK.

Wheat per Buſhel	7s. 4d.	Beef per Barrel	30s. od.
Flour ——	20s. od.	Pork £4.	20s. od.
Brown Bread	19s. od.	Salt	2s. od.
Weſt-India Rum	4s. 9d.	Bohea Tea	4s. 2d.
New-England ditto	2s. 8d.	Chocol. per Doz.	18s. od.
Muſcovado Sugar	56s. ods.	Bees Wax	1s. 9d.
Single refin'd ditto	1s. od.	Nut Wood	40s. od.
Molaſſes	1s. 1d.	Oak ditto	30s. od.

HIGH-WATER at NEW-YORK, and SUN'S RISING and SETTING, till Thurſday next.

☾'s	*Age.*	*High Water.*	*riſes* ☉ H.	M.	*ſets* ☉ H.	
THURSDAY	8	3	after 6	12	before 6	New O next Thurſday, 2 Morn.
FRIDAY	9	4	6	10	6	
SATURDAY	10	5	6	9	6	
SUNDAY	11	6	6	7	6	
MONDAY	12	7	6	5	6	
TUESDAY	13	8	6	4	6	
WEDNESDAY	14	9	6	3	6	

Days 11 Hours 38 Min. the 12th.

SHAW and LONG,

At their Store between Burling's and Beekman's-Slips,

HAVE imported in the Lucy, Capt. Anderſon, from Liverpool, a large and general aſſortment of Earthen and Glaſs Ware, which they will diſpoſe of on reaſonable terms, for caſh or country produce, wholeſale or retail;——likewiſe the following articles,

MADEIRA WINE,
Teneriff do.
Claret in bottles,
Porter in do.
Muſcovado and loaf ſugars,
Coffee,
Spirits,
Rum,
Geneva,
Brandy,
Arrack,
Hyſon, Green and Bohea } Teas,
Chocolate.

A Parcel of Cheſhire CHEESE.

Which will be diſpoſed of very cheap, and ſundry other articles in the grocery way. 22 25

To the ADVENTURERS in the *NEW-CASTLE* LOTTERY,

GENTLEMEN,

THE Severity of the Winter having ſtop't the Communication with ſeveral Places in this and the neighbouring Colonies, to which Tickets of the New-Caſtle Lottery have been ſent for Sale, and made travelling to ſuch Places difficult, and conſequently leſs frequent than uſual; ſo that Information could not be had of the Fate of the Tickets ſent to thoſe Places, in Time to be ready to draw that Lottery at the Time fixed. Theſe Impediments will ſoon be removed, and 'tis hoped they will apologize to you for poſtponing the Drawing to the TWENTY-THIRD DAY OF MARCH NEXT, when you may be aſſured the Drawing ſhall abſolutely begin, and continue every Day (Sundays excepted) till the Whole be completed. All Perſons who have Tickets of that Lottery to ſell, except thoſe who reſide in New-Caſtle, are hereby deſired to ſend the Tickets unſold, (if any they have) without Loſs of Time, by Poſt, or ſome other ſafe Conveyance, to the Perſons from whom they received thoſe Tickets: In Default thereof, they will be conſidered as ſold. They are alſo deſired to take the Numbers of the Tickets that may be returned, to prevent the bad Conſequences of a Miſcarriage. There are but 135 Tickets of that Lottery unſold in this City; therefore ſuch as intend to become Adventurers, are deſired to apply in Time, as the Sale is very rapid. 22 25

New-York, Feb. 29, 1772.

WILLIAM A. FORBES, *Saddler*,

HAS removed his ſhop from Peck-Slip, to the houſe lately occupied by John Young, Vendue-maſter, in the Broad-Way, nearly oppoſite to Hull's tavern, where he continues to carry on the Saddler's buſineſs in all its branches, in the neateſt Manner. He returns his hearty thanks to thoſe gentlemen who have been pleaſed to favour him with their commands 22 25

Carolina Pink-Root,

AN Article in conſiderable Eſteem from its efficacy in deſtroying Worms, is frequently, by Mercenary Perſons employ'd to collect it, mixed with other Herbs ſtrongly reſembling in Appearance the true Sort, but of quite different Properties and Effect, whence thoſe alarming Fits, Convulſions, &c. which often attend the uſe of it with Children.

To guard againſt ſuch Deception, and Conſequences, I have, thro' the Aſſiſtance of a Friend, well ſkilled in Botany, procur'd a Quantity that can be warranted as the genuine Plant.——To be Sold at my Store nearly Oppoſite the Coenties Market, which is conſtantly ſupplied with the beſt of Drugs and Medicines, and where Country and Sea Orders are properly executed, Phyſician's and Family Preſcriptions faithfully prepared and the Favours properly acknowledged.

20, 24. THOMAS BRIDGEN ATWOOD.

To be ſold at public Vendue, on Monday the 30th *Day of March next, on the Premiſes, or at private Sale any Time before,*

ALL that valuable Farm, lately the property of John Anderſon, Eſq; ſituated at Freehold, in the county of Monmouth and province of New-Jerſey, containing about 450 acres of very good land, and has on it a good large dwelling-houſe, two ſtories and a half high, three rooms on each floor, and a good cellar and kitchen, barn and out-houſes, two good orchards, about 45 acres of good meadow ground, and plenty of timber land. The ſaid farm is ſo ſituated as to meadow ground, orchards, and timber land, that it will ſuit very well to divide into two farms, and it will be ſold in two farms, or one, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſers.

Febriary 26, 1772. JAMES JAUNCEY, HUGH WALLACE, ALEX. WATSON, PETER FORMAN, PETER SCHENK, } Aſſignees.

N. B. If any perſon inclines to purchaſe before the day of ſale, they may apply to Peter Schenk, in Somerſet, or to Peter Forman, in Monmouth county, who will agree on reaſonable terms, as to price or payment. 22 25

BY order of the honourable Daniel Horſmanden, Eſq; chief Juſtice of the province of New-York; notice is hereby given, that on the application of George Folliott, one of the creditors of Joſeph Anthony, late of Weſtcheſter county, yeoman, he did, in purſuance of an act of the governor, the council and the general aſſembly of the province of New-York, entitled, "An act to prevent frauds in debtors;" direct all the eſtate, real and perſonal, of the ſaid Joſeph Anthony, to be ſeized; and that unleſs he does return and diſcharge his debts, within three months next after this public notice given, all his eſtate that ſhall be ſo ſeized and taken, ſhall be ſold for the ſatisfaction of his creditors. Dated the ſeventeenth day of February, 1772.

To be SOLD, or LET,

Upon very reaſonable Terms,

TWO convenient Houſes, the upper End of Stone-Street.—Inquire of 19 22 DAVID CLARKSON.

This Day Publiſhed, by

SAMUEL LOUDON,

A neat AMERICAN EDITION OF

BUCHAN'S DOMESTIC MEDICINE; OR, THE FAMILY PHYSICIAN,

BEING

AN Attempt to render the MEDICAL ART more generally uſeful, by ſhewing People what is in their own Power, both with reſpect to the PREVENTION and CURE of Diſeaſes, CHIEFLY

Calulated to recommend a proper Attention to REGIMEN and SIMPLE MEDICINES.

By WILLIAM BUCHAN, M. D.

Re-printed for Robert Aitken, in Philadelphia, and ſold a third Cheaper than the London Edition. 19 22

Fine Iriſh LINENS.

A Few Pieces juſt arrived, and to be SOLD, very cheap, for Caſh only,

By JAMES BINGHAM,

Aſide the FLY-MARKET. 19 22

To be ſold at public Vendue, on Thurſday the 2d *Day of April next, on the Premiſes,*

SEVEN lots of land at Tinton, near Shrewſberry, New-Jerſey.—Lot N° 1, is a farm of about 280 acres, 230 of which is cleared, and in good fence, and contains a great quantity of fine meadow land, (which yields the beſt hay) and much more may be made, as there is a fine ſwamp upon it, the wood of which will more than pay the expence of clearing.—There is on this farm a good bearing orchard, and a young one beginning to bear, a large dwelling houſe, newly covered and repaired, of two ſtories high, with four rooms on a floor, a large barn and ſtables, a large crib for Indian corn, and other out-houſes: This is a convenient place for a trader, and has a good griſt-mill adjoining it; the other ſix lots are wood land, from 30 to 60 acres in each lot, very handy to Shrewſberry, the inhabitants of which, and the adjacent country, buy their firewood. The conditions will be made known on the day of ſale. Should any perſon incline to purchaſe the above farm, or any of the wood-lots before the day of ſale, they may apply to the ſubſcriber, on the premiſes, who will agree on very reaſonable terms, and give an indiſputable title for the ſame.

21 24 V. PEARSE ASHFIELD.

TO BE SOLD,

HOUSE and Lot of Ground ſituated in Cortland ſtreet, now in the occupation of Mr. Chriſtopher Benſon; the lot contains in front and rear twenty five feet, and in the length on both ſides, one hundred and twenty ſix feet; the houſe is two ſtories and a half high, and has ſeven fire places in it, with a good cellar under the whole, with a good garden, graſs plats, ciſtren and ſtable, and is very convenient for a gentleman, a merchant or tradeſman; whoever has a mind to purchaſe, may apply to the ſubſcriber living near the premiſes.

WALTER COSINE.

N. B. If not ſold by the 26 of March then to be ſold at publick vendue. 21 24

TO BE LET,

THE *Houſe, Garden, and the whole FARM, or only Part, as will beſt ſuit the Tenant, ſituate at Greenwich, one Mile and an half from Town; to be entered upon the* 10th *of April next. He may work the Garden as ſoon as the Spring opens. For Conditions, inquire of Mr. DAVID JOHNSTON, the preſent Tenant, or OLIVER DE LANCEY, at Greenwich.* 19—

ABEEL and BYVANCK,

At the ſign of the Spade near Coenties-Market, Albany Pier.

Have juſt imported by the Freindſhip Capt. Lewis from Briſtol, and the laſt veſſels from London;

A Large aſſortment of ironmongery and cutlery ware and which they ſell reaſonable wholeſale or retail.

Alſo Nails, tacks, and brads, of all ſizes, London T C ſteel, Briſtol's and German do. hoop and ſheet iron, London and Briſtol Pewter, Sweeds and American bar iron, iron pots kettles, tea kettles ſkillets, waggon and cart boxes, allum, brimſtone, coppers, red-wood, log-wood, powder, ſhot, horſe-heads, anvils, viſes, and beck irons, ſad irons, ſpades, ſhovels, hoes, hinges and ſtapled chains; the very beſt ſaw mill, croſs cut and pit ſaws, ſaddles, and ſaddle ſtirrups, bird cages, leaf-gold, argol, pumice, rotton-ſtone, and emery. ALSO 1501—

An aſſortment of looking glaſſes from £. 12 to 2£. and a very curious and large aſſortment of japan'd ware.

LONDON, December, 3.

Extract of a letter from Warſaw, dated Nov. 16.

"THIS moment we are informed, that General Romanzow has retaken Giurgewo by ſtorm: there were in the fortreſs a very large magazine and above 130 pieces of cannon. The Count effected this enterpriſe with a detachment from his army: the main body he ſent over the Danube to oppoſe the Grand Vizir, and to prevent him from coming to the aſſiſtance of that fortreſs. The Grand Vizir declined making his way to Giurgewo through the corps of Ruſſians; the latter, therefore, attacked him, totally defeated him, and took 109 pieces of cannon, beſides a great many other trophies of war: the Grand Vizir then fled towards Adrianople. This advice is confirmed by another private letter from the ſame place; but, as this account is of great importance, we muſt wait for a further and more authentic confirmation thereof."

The controverſial matter of Mr. Alderman Townſends goods being levied for the aſſeſſment, to the land-tax and window-lights, has not yet been ſtated in a proper manner:—Upon the Alderman's peremptory refuſal of payment of theſe rates, the uſual warrant was granted, and properly executed by the officer, as in caſes of non-payment. Upon this, Mr. Townſend purchaſed the goods diſtrained, which is the very ground and foundation of his action of treſpaſs. It muſt be ſet forth in his declaration, that his goods and chattels, ſo illegally taken, he could not recover, without the dureſſe of paying the ſum of 200 l. and upwards, which is laid as the *gravamen* that draws the queſtion in iſſue before the jury.

Another correſpondent ſays, "Michaelmas term is now expired, and no one legal ſtep has been taken by Mr. Alderman Townſend againſt the officers who levied the land-tax on his eſtate at Tottenham. In other places he paid it without diſpute. It is certain that he has given up the conteſt."

The Commander of the Hawke ſloop has had more than one audience of the principal people in power, and we hear given a very ſatisfactory account of his ſhip, ſeized by order of the Spaniſh Governor, at Carthagena.

Nothing will, we hear, tranſpire from Government, relative to the capture of the Hawke ſloop, till the meeting of Parliament. When that Aſſembly is convened, Lord Chatham in the Upper, and Mr. Dowdeſwell in the Lower Houſe, will move for all the papers that have paſſed in the courſe of the buſineſs, and ſuch reſolutions will we hope paſs, as ſhall be conſonant alike to the wiſdom and juſtice of the Britiſh nation.

The late Robert Mackay, Eſq; has actually left Mr. Wilkes a verbal legacy of 5000 l. over and above the debt of that amount which he cancelled ſome time ſince; at firſt he intended no more than a bequeſt of 1500 l. but his nephew, to whom he has deviſed a property of 100 000 l. deſired the ſum might be increaſed to what it now is, and the Patriot has unexpectedly got a genteel ſupply to aſſiſt in the expences of his Shrievalty.

We are well aſſured that Dudley, now in the King's Bench priſon. who formerly pretended he could make many diſcoveries relative to Portſmouth fire, declares that he knows nothing whatſoever of that memorable conflagration; and treats the whole affair no leſs as an impoſition upon the Miniſtry than the public.

It is really ſurpriſing that Adminiſtration does not make ſome ſatisfactory enquiry into this buſineſs; for at preſent, we are well aſſured, Dudley derives his whole ſubſiſtence from Government; and ſurely, if he is the impoſtor he pronounces himſelf, it is highly improper, inſtead of puniſhing, to make him a burden upon the public.

Dec. 5. A letter from the Hague informs, that the Ruſſians have ſeized a large convoy, which were going to the Turkiſh army; this will greatly diſtreſs them, as they have been in want of it for ſome time paſt.

"The laſt letters from Hamburgh adviſe, that a convention is in agitation between the Courts of Peterſburgh, Stockholm, and Berlin, in conſequence of which the firſt mentioned Court is to give up her part of Finland to the ſecond, and this power is to ſurrender its ſhare of Pomerania to the third, in conſideration of four millions of rubles, to be paid by the King of Pruſſia to the Empreſs of Ruſſia. If there is any foundation for this news, we ſhall ſoon know more of it.

"They write from Warſaw, that the King of Poland is quite out of danger, and it appears by the enquiry that has been made into that affair, that the deſign againſt his Majeſty was long in agitation, and that ſome very great perſons are ſuſpected to have been concerned in it. It is even ſaid that a party of Ruſſian troops have been privately ſent to Elbing, to ſeize the Prince Primate, and bring him back to Warſaw. Some people do not ſcruple to inſinuate, that a certain Court is ſuppoſed to have had a hand in it."

The King of Pruſſia has fixed the fool's cap on the Emperor, and the Archbiſhop of Prague may pay dear for the part he acted in putting it on. By that prelate's connivance and aſſiſtance, the King of Pruſſia has filled his magazines with a ſufficient quantity of forage and corn for carrying on the war for two years. The Emperor, on the other hand, who has undoubtedly the fineſt army in Europe, finds his magazines quite empty, and even his ſubjects in danger of periſhing by famine, at the critical moment he intended to enter upon action. This manœuvre will probably ſecure to the King of Pruſſia his proportion of Poland without bloodſhed.

The Spaniſh Ambaſſador, we hear, has ſo much diſguſted the Britiſh Miniſter for the Southern department, that the latter refuſes to do any buſineſs with him.

The Duke of Cumberland's Guards are taken away; and a bill is preparing, not only to make the King's conſent *indiſpenſibly* requiſite in all future marriages of the Royal family, but to exclude the iſſue of ſuch marriages as have been lately entered into, without that conſent, from ſucceeding to the poſſeſſion of the Crown.

Letter from Paris mention, that the French King has demanded a free gift of 40 millions from his Clergy, but that they hoped to be able to moderate the demand, as the largeſt free gift ever made has not exceeded 30 millions.

Extract of a letter from the frontiers of Poland, Nov. 16.

"Kocſinſki, who is continually undergoing examinations, has confeſſed, that he was ſent by Pulawſki, with the other conſpirators, to take the King alive or dead; and that he engaged them to the execution of their deſign by the following oath, before the miraculous image of the Holy Virgin:

"We, being excited by a holy and religious zeal, have taken a firm and unſhaken reſolution to revenge the cauſe of the Divinity, religion and our country, which has been injured by the tyrant Staniſlaus Auguſtus, deſpiſer of laws divine and human, uſurper of the throne of Poland, promoter of Atheiſts and Hereticks, traitor to his country, oppreſſor of the nation, and a vile inſtrument of foreign ambition and injuſtice, do ſwear and promiſe, before the ſacred and miraculous Image of the Mother of God, to ſacrifice our fortunes, lives and families, in order to extirpate from the earth one who diſhonours it, by trampling under foot the reſpect due to the Divinity, religion, and the privileges of the nation. So help us God.

Extract of a letter from Legborn, dated November 28.

"His Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter ſet out this morning for Piſa, where he propoſes to continue two or three months, and make uſe of the celebrated baths of that place. He is entirely recovered of the dangerous dyſentery he labour-ed under, from which he was happily relieved by the uſe of a medicine lately introduced into practice, which was propoſed to his Phyſicians by the Surgeon of the Venus frigate: It is called the Radix Culumba, and is now in great eſteem with the Italian Faculty."

The following is handed about at the weſt end of the town, as a true copy of the letter, which Mrs. H——n ſent to his M——y ſome time after her marriage with the D. of C. was publicly known:

"Gracious Sire,

"The late event, in which your r--l brother and I are (I fear) too nearly concerned, and which has already made ſo much noiſe in the world, has, I am unhappy to hear, met with your r---l diſapprobation. If I have done amiſs, it is my warmeſt wiſh to have an opportunity of throwing myſelf at your M——y's feet to beg for pardon.—May I never meet with a ſeverer judge.—Yet ſurely, gracious Sir, if the errors of the head *are* even unpardonable, ſome lenity is to be ſhewn to thoſe of the heart: And if to endeavour to reclaim a generous, but heedleſs Youth, from levities which were more the effect of good nature than of bad principle—if to recal a heart that was wandering after purſuits unworthy of it, and fix it to one ſteady point--if to collect his ſcattered thoughts, regulate his paſſions, and lead him finally to virtue--if theſe are purpoſes worthy of mercy, worthy of r---l grace, witneſs Heaven how ſincerely they are mine; and how faithfully I am. Gracious Sire,

Your loving Subject and Servant."

Extract of a letter from Cairo, dated Sept. 22.

"Ali Bey has reſumed his former activity. He is marching freſh troops to Damieſtes and Alexandria. The Arabs of Syria have intercepted the caravan which was conveying the merchandizes embarked from the port of Suez to Gedda. This booty is valued at 1500 purſes of 500 crowns each.

A regiment of Soldiers are to be ſent to Jamaica, in the men of war which are ſoon to ſail from Plymouth and Portſmouth for that Iſland.

By the Rachel, Cox, from Minorca, there is advice, that an Algerine row galley had taken the Friendſhip, Carter, from Leghorn to London, and carried her into Algiers; and that Sir Peter Dennis had ſent a man of war to demand immediate reſtitution thereof.

Private Letters, from the Hague adviſe, that the States General will have a fleet of 70 Ships fit for Service by March next, and that all the marching Regiments are to be completed to their full Eſtabliſhment.

Extract of a Letter from Dublin, Nov. 25.

"This day a committee of the houſe of commons entered on the buſineſs of Supplies, in which the moſt material paſſage was the debate on the petition of Jeremiah Dyſon, Eſq. It was urged, that this penſion was very burthenſome, as it was one thouſand pounds a year; it was unneceſſary, as it was beſtowed on one who had never been of any ſervice to Ireland. The proteſt expatiated very largely in Mr. Dyſon's praiſe, and ſaid, that whenever any motion was made in the Britiſh houſe of commons, relative to Ireland, he always took that ſide of the queſtion which was for the Advantage of it, and particularly in regard to the linnen manufactory. This eulogium was replied to by Sir William Mayne, and taken to pieces. At length the queſtion was put, and on a diviſion, it was carried againſt the penſion by a majority of one: The numbers being, for the penſion, 105; againſt it, 106.

Reſolved, That the penſion granted to Jeremiah Dyſon, Eſq; and his three ſons, is an unneceſſary charge upon the eſtabliſhment of Ireland, and ought not to be provided for.

Ordered, that the ſaid penſion be ſtruck off the liſt of penſioners, upon the eſtabliſhment of Ireland.

When the numbers were declared, there was a great plaudit, both in the houſe and in the gallery."

Some letters from Berlin adviſe, that a treaty of alliance, offenſive and defenſive, is now negotiating there, between the King of Pruſſia and the States General.

Dec. 6. We have the pleaſure to aſſure the public, *from the moſt undoubted authority*, that the repeated accounts of her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs Dowager of Wales being very ill, and her life in great danger, are entirely falſe; ſuch reports being only calculated to promote the ſhameful ſpirit of gambling by inſurances on lives.

It is ſaid that Jeremiah Dyſon, Eſq; will be created an Iriſh Peer, as ſome ſatisfaction for the loſs of his penſion.

From Madrid we hear, that moſt of the ſhips which the King had ordered to be built are almoſt finiſhed, and before the end of the winter the Navy will conſiſt of 80 ſhips of the line, beſides frigates; ſo that they ſeem to be aiming at the name of a maritime power. But where the duce are the ſeamen to come from?

The Iriſh houſe of commons voting the penſion of 1000l. a year to Jeremiah Dyſon, Eſq; and ſons, as undeſerved, unneceſſary, and that no proviſion ſhall be made for it, is ſaid to be totally a new Manœuvre, and has thrown the court party into the utmoſt conſternation; ſeveral of whom are trembling, leſt a reviſal of their own deſervings of the Iriſh penſions they enjoy ſhould one day follow.

We hear that as ſoon as an Auguſt Aſſembly meets, the conduct of the Iriſh Parliament on Mr. Dyſon's penſion will be taken into conſideration.

We are aſſured that the Viceroyſhip of a certain kingdom goes a-begging. The flame of patriotiſm burns ſo bright there that all the Miniſtry, and their tools, are afraid to face it.

However improbable it may ſeem, there is great talk, that Lord Clive will be appointed Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, for which purpoſe, his Lordſhip is to be firſt created an Engliſh Peer.

The Ruſſian Ambaſſador has appointed agents, by leave of our court (and by orders from Peterſburgh) to take up ſix veſſels as victuallers for the Ruſſian fleet in the Levant; the crews thereof being in a deplorable ſtate for want of proviſion, they are to ſail as ſoon as poſſible.

Two things are certain, the Princeſs Dowager of Wales is dying; and the preſent Courtiers are daily ſaying and putting paragraphs in all the papers, that ſhe is in no manner of danger. The reaſon of the denial is evident: It is done to prevent the dependants on the Charlton-houſe Junto from ſeeking a new Intereſt; it being well known that Courtiers, like rats, always abandon an old houſe that is going to tumble.

Letters from Peterſburgh mention, that the laſt hand had juſt been put to a treaty between that Court and Berlin.

Letters from Algier adviſe, that the Dey took it into his head to ſhut up all the Roman Catholic Churches in one day, and to impriſon all the Miſſionaries.

Dec. 19. According to the laſt advices from Conſtantinople, a diſcovery had lately been made of an immenſe treaſure in one of the vaults of the Seraglio, to the value of many millions ſterling, which had been buried under ground ſome hundred years by one of their former Emperors, during the time of a popular inſurrection.

Letters from Dublin, dated Dec. 9, declare, that the Court party's intention of introducing a land tax in Ireland, is looked upon by all the patriotic gentry, &c. as totally inconſiſtent with the intereſts of that country, as it muſt certainly fall upon the occupiers of land, enchance the price of proviſions to the manufacturer, and of courſe, that of the manufactures themſelves; which muſt be highly injurious to the trade of the nation, without reckoning the numberleſs difficulties the collecting ſuch a tax (which will be conſtantly fluctuating) muſt be attended with. In conſequence of this opinion, the counties of Cork, Clare, Antrim, Sligo, Meath, Waterford, &c. have addreſſed their conſtituents to oppoſe, with all their powers, any bill which may be brought into Parliament, tending to levy a land tax in that country.

In order to qualify the bitter draught of the land tax to the people of Ireland, we hear the courtiers propoſe to leſſen the tax levied there upon the public, called Hearth Money, which brings Government in an immenſe ſum.

We are aſſured, that the 20,000 prize, drawn on Monday laſt, which was ſaid to belong to a gentleman in Dantzick, is the property of Mr. Solomans, a Jew broker of this city.

Lord Townſend's ſituation in Ireland is truly deplorable; he is ſurrounded by enemies, condemned by his few friends, cenſured by Adminiſtration, and unable either to return with credit to England, or ſtay with honour in the ſeat of his government.

The ariſtocracy in Ireland, is not ſo entirely deſtroyed as the Miniſtry imagined on this ſide of the water, ſince the preſent oppoſition to government has been chiefly ſpirited up by a few of the great families.

WILLIAMSBURG, January 23.

Since our laſt, the ſubſcription for the canal has received an addition of more than a thouſand pounds, and it is expected the ſum neceſſary will be raiſed in a ſhort time, the gentlemen in different parts of the country, we hear, being very ſenſible of the utility of the meaſure.

The American company of comedians intend for this place by the meeting of the General Aſſembly, and to perform till the end of April Court. They then proceed to the northward, by engagement, where it is probable they will continue ſome years.

BOSTON. Feburay 24.

The paper in the Maſſachuſetts Spy of the 14th of Nov. laſt, ſigned Mucius Scævola, was laid before the late grand Jury, and we hear a bill was prepared by the King's Attorney agreeable to an order of the Governor and Council. But the good men of the Country returned *Ignoramus* thereon, not being able to find *upon their Oaths* that it was "falſe, &c.—

We hear that the members of Dr. Cooper's congregation have already ſubſcribed a ſum which is tho't ſufficient for the purpoſe of erecting a large and elegant church; and that among the generous ſubſcribers for this purpoſe, the honourable John Hancock, Eſq; diſtingiſhed on many occaſions by his benevolence and publick ſpirit, has given one thouſand pounds, lawful money.

Thurſday laſt the general aſſembly of this province was, by proclamation, further prorogu'd to the 25th of March next.

Laſt Saturday afternoon two petty officers of the Beaver now in this harbour, had ſome words in a ſhop in King-Street, which aroſe to blows on the ſide of Mr. Bryant, Captain's clerk, and were returned by Mr. Quelch, the Gunner, with a ſtab under the left pap, which penetrated the breaſt, but immediately cloſed and the patient fainted away. Doct. Young was brought ſpeedily, who recovered him a little with volatiles, and Doct. Warren coming directly after, they dilated the wound and gave vent to the blood, on which he came to his ſpeech, and being laid in a proper poſture, paſſed the night, and the forenoon of the ſabbath, in a tolerable eaſy condition: But in the afternoon Mr. Bryant had a ſlight delirium with Spaſms, whence the Doctors fear his Life is much in danger. Mr. Quelch readily ſurrendered himſelf, and was committed to priſon, much concerned for the unhappy accident, of which probably the ſufferer was but too much the immediate occaſion.

On Tueſday laſt, being the day by law appointed for holding the Superior court at Boſton, in and for the county of Suffolk, after opening the court in the uſual form, his Majeſty's commiſſions were publiſhed, appointing the honorable Peter Oliver, Eſq; chief Juſtice, and the honourable Edmund Trowbridge, Foſter Hutchinſon, Nathanael Ropes, and William Cuſhing, Eſquires, Juſtices of the ſaid court.—His honor the chief Juſtice gave an elegant and pertinent charge to the grand Jury. There was a very numerous and reſpectable auditory upon this occaſion.

Laſt Saturday in the *Forenoon* the grand Jury laid before his Majeſty's juſtices of the ſuperiour court a certain paper, the contents whereof have not yet tranſpired. We ſhall endeavour to obtain an *authentic* copy for our next. This paper was ſigned by the *Foreman*, at the *unanimous* requeſt of his brethren, and ſeemed to be received with ſome reſentment by the court; who peremptorily directed their attendance at four o'clock afternoon on ſaid Saturday. This extraordinary order was matter of much ſpeculation among the people, who crowded to obſerve the event. The paper is ſuppoſed to relate to Ebenezer Richardſon, who was convicted, of the murder of young *Sneider, twenty-two months ago.* This ſuppoſition is rendered the more probable, as his honor the chief Juſtice, after it had been peruſed by the court, ſaid to the Jury, that they *charitably* believed they were ignorant that *the caſe of Ebenezer Richardſon was then before his Majeſty.*

NEW-LONDON, February 28.

Yeſterday ſe'nnight, Capt. Buckland of Hartford, arrived here in a ſloop from the Weſt-Indies, and on Tueſday laſt the ſloop was left to the care of the mate and a pilot, to be carried into Connecticut river; ſhe arrived at Say Brook the ſame evening, when the pilot and hands went on ſhore, leaving the mate and a boy on board. The veſſel an hour or two after drove out of the river, 'tis ſuppoſed by means of the ice, and was forced to ſea: She has not ſince been heard of.

Laſt Friday morning there was the greateſt freſhet at Norwich landing, that has been known for 30 years paſt, occaſioned by a ſudden thaw and the breaking up of Shetucket river. The riſe of the water was ſo ſudden that there was time to ſecure but a ſmall part of the goods which were expoſed—upwards of 5000 buſhels of ſalt, a large quantity of ſugars and other Weſt India goods, alſo of European goods to a conſiderable amount are loſt:

Add to this the loss the town has sustained in bridges, this season, and 'tis said the town has suffered about £ 3000 damage.

We hear that about ten days ago, a schooner from this place, Crowell master, was seized at Boston, under pretence of her having 8 hogsheads of sugar on board, which had not been cleared at the Custom house in this port.

PHILADELPHIA, February 26.

Extract of a letter from Barbados, January 29, 1772.

A sloop from Casco Bay, for one of the islands, having been out 70 days, and had all her sails shattered, put in here.

ALBANY, February 17.

On Monday last departed this life Mr. Isaac Lansingh, aged 93 years and 7 months; he had two brothers, one of whom died the 6th of Dec. 1767, aged 86 years, 7 months, and the other on the 30th of June 1771, aged 97 years, 6 months, and 19 days—The age of the three brothers added together amount to 277 years, 8 months, and 19 days

NEW-YORK, March 12.

Captain M'Shane, of the Ship Pitt, who arrived here last Monday, in 3 Weeks from St. Kitts, acquaints us, That a Ship from Bristol for Boston, that had been blown off the Coast, was arrived there.

The Buoy that was lately carried away from the South West Spit of the East Bank, by the Ice, was found last Week on the South Side of Long-Island, with the Anchor and Chain to which it was fixed, and is again placed near where it was formerly.

Captains Vardil and Bogart of this Port, and a Sloop from Rhode Island, are arrived at Surinam.

Friday last, the Mercury Packet, Capt. Dillon, sailed from hence with the Mail for Falmouth.

We hear from the Manor of Livingston, that Mr. Justice Livingston is re-elected; that the Freeholders are highly exasperated at being deprived of their most valuable Rights for near two Years, since they have not only chosen a person qualified by Law, but conformed to the late Construction of our Act of Assembly for regulating Elections, and contrary to their usual Practice for many Years past, have now chosen a Resident.—They say, that they know of no Disqualification by Vote, and will never consent to have their Rights illegally abridged. Many of them resolve, if the Person they have now chosen should be again dismissed, to come down and insist on giving their Votes in Person, since they are not suffered to be represented.

N. B. The Manor contains as many Freeholders as King's or Richmond Counties.

On Monday last departed this Life, after a short Illness, in the 70th Year of his Age, SIMON JOHNSON *Esq; His Integrity and Abilities commanded the Attention of his Fellow-Citizens, at a Period of Life, in which few are admitted to public Offices. When very young he was elected an Alderman, and executed that important Trust for many Years, with great Credit to himself and to the entire Satisfaction of his Constituents. His long Acquaintance with the Duty of Magistracy continued by his Succession to the Place of Recorder of the City, gave him abundant Opportunities to distinguish himself as a faithful Magistrate and an useful Member of Society.—He was honoured by the successful Suffrages of his Constituents with a Seat in Assembly; and his thorough Acquaintance with the Rights and Interests of the Corporation—made his voluntary Retreat from that Body, a real public Loss. In the Exercise of his various public Offices, he acquired a Knowledge of the Laws of his Country, that rendered his Counsel as salutary as it was ready to the poor and the needy. Spotless in his private Character, and in his domestic Relations endearing,—he died extremely regreted by all who knew him.*

Tuesday last arrived in 7 Weeks and 4 Days from Lisbon, the Brig Ann, Capt. James Marsh, who on the Passage spoke the following Vessels, viz. Jan. 24th, Lat. 21, a Schooner, Captain Thomas Sebring, 14 Days from Gibraltar, bound to Boston. Feb. 17th, Lat. 32. Lon. 66, the Brig Peggy, Capt. Brevoort, 12 Days from Boston, bound to Cape Francois. March 4th, a Brig, ——— 2 Days from New-York, bound to Dublin.

A Brig, Capt. Lewis, from New-York, arrived at Lisbon, about 10 Days before Capt. Marsh left that Place.

Mary Toux, Wife of Isaac Toux, Labourer, having died suddenly, it was thought that her Death was occasioned by the Abuse she frequently received from her Husband, and his Threatening to shorten her Days; but on a strict Inquiry before the Coroner and his Jury, it appeared that she died by excess of drinking, the Inclemency of the Weather, and the Want of the common Necessaries of Life.

WATCHES,

HORIZONTAL, REPEATING, or PLAIN;

CLOCKS,

ASTRONOMICAL, Musical or Plain, with Weights, or Springs, repaired, as *cheap* as by any Person in this City, by JAMES YEOMAN, (at the Sign of the White Dial, nearly opposite the Merchant's Coffee-House) who received his Instructions in the Business from the ingenious Mr. Neale, (whose great Knowledge in Mechanics was well known) he can with Propriety declare himself a *real* Manufacturer, having had the Government of a large Manufactory from its Infancy to its Maturity, one Hundred Miles from London.

The above is not the Result of *Vanity* or *Parade*, for, should it be doubted, proper Testimonials shall be produced, to prove the Assertion;——As it is the sole Wish of the said James Yeoman, to obtain Favours only proportioned to the Knowledge he has, and the Satisfaction he affords in his Business,—on those Foundations he submits his Reputation, as an Artificer, to the Judgment of the Impartial.

WANTS A PLACE,

A Wet Nurse, with a new Breast of Milk, who can be well recommended: For further Particulars, inquire of the Printer. 20 26

New-York, CHAMBER of COMMERCE,

Tuesday March 3, 1772.

MR. Walter Franklin's *motion of the 7th January last, having been duly considered at the last and present meeting of this corporation, to whom it was referred; and it appearing very evident that the staple or export of this province, ought to be ship'd with as little charge as that of any sister colony, and the merchants in this city have in most instances paid the venders of flour, &c. at the rate of one penny half-penny, for half weighing, which is thought to be an unreasonable charge;*

RESOLVED *unanimously, That from and after the first day of May next ensuing, the members of this corporation, when they purchase flour, shall not pay one penny half-penny per barrel, for half weighing, as it is at present charged in some of the weigh notes, by setters of flour.*

Mr. William Mc. Adam's *motion of the 5th November last, being read in the words following.*

"*Soon after the establishment of this society, I proposed to your consideration, whether it was for the interest of the community that Jersey paper money should pass in this province higher than it is taken for in the treasury of the province of New-Jersey. The loss and inconvenience arising to the traders in this city, from the present practice of passing Jersey money for more than its acknowledged value by their own legislature, will I hope, plead my excuse for renewing my proposal, that this corporation may enter into an agreement to fix a time when they will no longer depreciate their own currency by accepting that of another above par. I therefore propose that a time be fixed that this corporation do agree to pay and receive Jersey money at the same rate it is received and paid in their own treasury.*"

Nov. 5th, 1771. WILLIAM Mc. ADAM.

The above proposal being postponed from the meeting in December to that of February, and then to the next meeting, it of course came under consideration this day, and it was ultimately determined by the majority, that the members of this corporation will, after the third day of September next ensuing, pay and receive Jersey money at the same rate as it is received and paid in their own treasury, viz.

A bill of £ 6 *proclamation for*		16 *dollars, or* £ 6		8 *New-York Currency.*	
A bill of	3 *proc.*	8 *dollars, or*	3	4	*Ditto.*
A bill of	1 10	4 *do.* *or*	1	12	*do.*
A bill of	15 *shillings,*	2 *do.* *or*		16	*do.*

And in like proportion for bills of a less denomination.

RESOLVED *and* ORDERED, *That the members of this corporation, from and after the third day of September next ensuing, shall in all their dealings and commercial concerns, when they receive and pay Jersey money, accept and pay the same agreeable to the foregoing resolutions; and ordered that a copy of the said resolves be published in the new papers of this city.*

ANTHONY VAN DAM, *Secry.*

Just IMPORTED by the

MANUFACTURER,

THOMAS GUMERSALL,

From Leeds, in Yorkshire.

A neat ASSORTMENT of

WOOLLEN GOODS,

Among which are the following Articles,

SUPERFINE and middling Yorkshire cloths of all colours, 6-4 and 7-4 wide, from 6s. 6d. to 26s. per. yard,
Bath coatings plain and mixt,
Blue, red and green duffles,
Blue Onleys,
Do. Kerseys,
Shalloons of colours and quality suited to the cloths,
Blue, green, scarlet, pink, crimson, yellow and cloth coloured callimancoes,
Blue, green, scarlet, yellow and pink durants,
White, black, and pompadour tammies
Prunells,
Scotch camblets, yellow and black,
Superfine and middling double camblets,
Superfine and middling plain, striped, mixt and chequer'd single camblets,
Superfine worsted cords and poplins,
Blue and black lastings,
Figured do.
Drawboys,
Denims,
Silk twist and bindings,
Coloured and white threads,
Buckrams,
Welsh stockings,
Kendal do.

All those who choose to favour him with their orders may depend upon being served upon the lowest terms, either by the bale or small quantity, for cash or short credit,

AT HIS

STORE

Next Door to

FRANKLIN and SPOFFERD,

Hatters, in the FLY.

N. B. Any person who chooses to become a purchaser of a whole bale of cloth, may depend upon having the same deduction as is allow'd to the importers. 23—

TO BE SOLD,

On the Manor of Courtlandt,

THE following lots of land in said manor being parts of the lot No. 5, whereon Hendrick and William Lent lived, and are now laid out in the following manner, Lot No. 1 adjoins to Hudson's River, and the public road that leads to Albany, containing 211 acres, has a good stream for mills of any sort, and is well supplied with timber Lot No. 2 contains 103 acres of choice land, and fronts the East side of the before-mentioned road. Lot No. 3 binds upon said road, to the Eastward of lot No. 2. is equally good, and contains 100 acres and three rods. Lot No. 4 contains 103 acres, and lies in the rear of the before mentioned lots. Lot No. 5 contains 103 acres, and lies in the rear of lot No. 4 Lot No. 6 contains 103 acres, and lies in the rear of the Lot No. 5. Lot No. 7 contains 103 acres, and lies in the rear of Lot No. 6, Lot No. 8 contains 103 acres, and lies in the rear of Lot No. 7; this Lot No. 8 has on it a good fall for a mill or mills. Lot No. 9 contains 103 acres, and lies on the rear of Lot No. 8. Lot No. 10 contains 191 acres, and lies in the rear of lot No, 9, All the before mentioned lots, are good land and well timbered, and very conveniently situated near the north-river; a plan of the lots as they are here mentioned, may be seen by applying to Pier Van Courtlandt Esq; living on said manor, or to William Bayard, living at Greenwich, or Nicholas Bayard in Bowry Lane, who will inform them of the condition of sale and give a good title to such as choose to purchase. 23 26

WILLIAM BAYARD,
NICHOLAS BAYARD

N. B. a plan of the above lots may likewise be seen in the hands of Doctor Graham, at the White Plains, and Doctor Haviland at Rye.

Just imported in the last Vessels from London and Bristol, and to be sold by

PETER GOELET,

At the Golden-Key, in Hanover-Square, New-York, wholesale and retail, on the most reasonable Terms, viz.

SMITH's anvils, vises,
Sledges and hammers,
Files and rasps of all sorts,
Carpenters axes, adzes, hammers, chissels, plane irons, compasses, rules and saws of all sorts.
Nails, brads, clouts & tacks,
Shoe knives, awl blades, pincers, nippers, tacks, spinnel, white wax, &c.
Best English bend and crop soal leather and cork soals,
Goldsmith's tools,
Chapes and tongues,
Watch-maker's tools, with every material for watches,
Watch keys, seals, chains and strings; Gunsmith's tools,
Gun barrels, locks, &c.
Cooper's tools,
A large assortment of brass and iron locks and hinges,
Worm HL hinges,
Brass and iron mortars,
Locks and hinges, great variety of brasses; locks, hinges, knobs, rings, &c. for cabinet makers,
House bells, cranks, wire and bobs, screw rings and knobs,
Cupboard turns,
Table and window catches,
Brass and wood casters,
Brass lantern pullies,
Shutter and round bolts,
Brass and iron spring'd do.
Center and wimble bits,
Sash line, pullies and pins,
Brass-knob and thumb latches
Hand and bench vises,
Fire screen springs,
Tea chest furniture,
Sash wedges and fasteners,
Brass and iron knockers,
Brass and steel bag locks,
Chopping and mincing knives
Marking irons; brass chair nails; crucibles and blue melting pots,
Bed screws, and brass bed screw covers,
Saw sets, and files,
Brick-layers and plastering trowels; best glue,
Double and single branches,
Brass and iron candlesticks,
Japan'd hand and table do.
Dripping, dusting and cinder pans, smoothing irons and stands; skewers, gridirons and rivets,
Iron pots and kettles,
Frying pans, tongs, shovels and andirons,
Chimney hooks and knobs,
Best and common bellowses,
Jack and squirril chains,
Jack and clothes lines,
Bed cords, warming pans,
Brass cloak pins, and glass sea-ports,
Tester and curtain hooks,
Bottle washers and cork drawers,
Hard and soft waffel-irons,
Rat and mouse traps,
Ivory leav'd books, red and black leather pocket books,
Ladies cases with implements,
Fine ivory dandriff and box combs; red trunks,
Wire bird cages, plate baskets
Ditto, lin'd with tin; table mats, and bottle sliders,
Brass jaggers, cork screws and nut-crackers,
Key-hooks and rings,
Curling and pinching tongs,
Brass pepper and drudging boxes; shoeing horns,
Bottle corks; shaving boxes, hones and straps,
Hatter's bowstrings,
Emory, rotton stone,
Sand paper, argil, pumice-stone and gum-Arabick.
Brass dog collars and locks,
Large brass and iron wire for flair cases,
Sleigh and table bells,
Garden shears,
Brass pestles and mortars,
Polish'd steel snuffers,
Travelling hasps, sugar cutters, steel and plated spurs,
Cock gaffs, comb brushes,
Brass and iron chaffing-dishes
Pocket and match pistols,
Best ivory, buck and bone table knives and forks,
Carvers and desert do. oyster, butchers and pruning do.
Black shagreen compass knive cases,
A large assortment of pocket, pen and other knives,
Silver, plated, pinchbeck, metal, steel and japan'd buckles,
Best and common scissars,
Very fine do.
Taylors shears, razors, thimbles and sleeve buttons,
Large brass and common pins
White-chapel and common needles, large darning and glovers do.
Knitting pins and curtain rings, snuff and tobacco boxes.
Newest pattern japan'd waiters, trays and bread baskets.
Cinnamon, mace, cloves and nutmegs,
Silver'd, gilt and lacquer'd coffin furniture and lacings,
Ivory and horn combs,
Pocket and other steelyards,
Brass scales and weights,
Gold and apothecaries scales,
Large and small scalebeams,
Temple and common spectacles,
Reading glasses,
Writing and waste paper,
Bonnet paper, quills, sealing wax, ink powder and wafers; pewter and japan'd ink stands; gun flints,
Gun hammers and worms,
Dress'd dolls,
Brass and iron wire,
Brass cocks, German steel,
Best and common English do.
Hoop and sheet iron,
Paints ground in oil,
Waggon and cart boxes,
Sithes and sickles,
Shot, bar and sheet lead,
Steel mill and cross cut saws,
Trace and dray chains,
Copperas and alum,
Wool cards,
Spades and shovels,
Double bit gimblets,
Spike and tapborers do.
Horse and chair whips,
Horse locks, mane and curry combs, brushes and spunge,
Pewter table and tea spoons,
Metal buttons, sheep shears,
Red chalk, Jew's harps, and horse fleams,
Corn and coffee mills,
Surveyors and surgeons cases with instruments,
Slates and pencils,
Amber, pearl and correl necklaces, and pound beads,
Skates and marbles,
Surveyors chains; seine twine
Newrinbergh salve,
Harlem oil; Turlington's balsam; backgammon tables,
Ivory dice, and playing cards,
Japan'd gunhooks,
Leather and horn powder flasks and shot bags.
German and common flutes,
Common and bass violin strings,
Guittar and harpsichord wire and hammers,
Fishing rod lines,
Kerbey's and common fish-hooks, reels and flies, &c.
A large assortment of tooth, buckle, table, flesh, hand, painters and hearth brushes,
Hair brooms, &c. &c. 23 26

To be sold, by the Subscribers,

THE Farm or Plantation lately belonging to the estate of Mr. Andrew Van Horn, deceased, in Piscataway, in the county of Middlesex, containing about one hundred and twenty acres of upland and meadow, whereon is a good and convenient dwelling-house, a stable, and out-houses, a good orchard, and garden, pleasantly situated on the north side of Raritan-river, about two miles below New-Brunswick; very suitable for a store, it having a good landing place, and a good wharf.—Its pleasant situation, proper distance from New-Brunswick, and the rear of the land bounding on the post road, renders it a convenient retreat, for a gentleman of fortune, retiring from business.——For further particulars, inquire of Courtland Skinner, Esq; or Philip Kearney, jun. in Perth-Amboy. 23 30

POET'S CORNER.

The Sailor's Soliloquy.

STILL toss'd tempestuous on the Sea of Life,
My little Bark is driving to and fro;
With Winds and Waves I hold unequal Strife,
Nor can decide the doubtful Course I go.
Contending Passions are the Storms that rise,
And Error's Darkness clouds the mental Ray,
The Lamp of Reason seldom gilds the skies,
With Lustre bright enough to guide my Way.
But there's an Hour when all those Storms shall cease,
The Darkness fly, and rising Suns appear,
My Bark be shelter'd in the port of Peace,
And ride eternally at Anchor there.

THE Printing-Office, now kept on Hunter's-Quay, Rotton-Row, will at the 1st of May next, be removed to the House now occupied by Mrs. Joncour, nearly opposite the Coffee-House.

THE Printer requests all those who are indebted to him for *advertisments, stationary*, &c. or above *twelve months*, for *news-papers*, that they will immediately discharge their accounts;—all but news-papers being *ready money* articles for which no trust ought to be given, nor ever was or is proposed to be given by the Printer hereof—unless to his constant customers, whose accounts are always readily paid when carried in. To customers of this sort, who are the only supporters of his paper, he returns his hearty thanks, assuring them that *they* are not the persons of whom he means to complain for neglect in payment of their accounts—The objects of his complaint are persons of very different characters, who, in order to keep a man out of his property are ingenious in finding out occasions of cavil and delay. They will examine the account—or they *will call down* and settle it, or they are not then at leisure, or they will pay in a few days, or a week, or a month hence, or they think they have paid it, or part of it before, or they have just paid away all their money, or are not at home, or they have not had time to examine the account, or had forgot it, or have lost the account and must have another, &c. and these and other excuses are often repeated over and over again, till the trouble and loss of time greatly exceeds the value of the debt demanded, which is generally small, and of long standing; and from such people, the payment is often made at last in the most niggardly and ungenerous manner, some trifling or unreasonable deduction being insisted on, and admitted merely to avoid contention: Thus the customary method of making up accounts for newspapers, being to charge to the end of the present quarter (then running when the account is carried in) tho' the account has been unpaid for several years, some have insisted upon a deduction of the few weeks that were charged of the unfinished quarter, which can never amount to so much as three shillings, and even if the remaining papers should not be sent, would not amount to more than the interest of the money after it became due for the papers.

Customers such as these, are really misfortunes to all concerned with them: It is no advantage to a Printer to publish advertisements on trust, or to have customers for trifling accounts, unless they take care to discharge them punctually, or at least upon being sent to once or twice. The business of printing is carried on at a great expence of ready money, the workmen's wages and all the materials are ready money articles, nor can it be supported without ready money or punctual payments——All therefore, who do not pay ready money, or who neglect to pay their accounts when carried in, are dead weights, who ought by every Printer to be thrown off for the common good—and in order to discriminate between those who are *benefactors* and those who are *nuisances* to the business.

RICHARD NORRIS,
STAY-MAKER, from LONDON,
In Smith-Street, New-York, next Door to Mr. John Cruger's, late Mayor,

MAKES all sorts of stays and jumps, turn'd and plain, French bipt German jackets, after the newest fashion and on the most reasonable terms, any ladies uneasy in their shapes, he likewise fits without any incumbrance; young ladies and growing misses inclined to casts and risings in their hips, and shoulders, he likewise prevents, by methods approved of by the Society of stay-makers in London. He has had the honour of working for several ladies of distinction, both in England and in this city, with universal applause,——He engages his work as good as any done in London. for neatness, true sitting, shape and fashion.

He returns his sincere thanks to all his customers, and hopes their good word will not be wanting to his further promotion: Those ladies that reside in the country, by sending their measures, may be supplied at the shortest notice.

February 10, 1772.

FOUR DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN-AWAY from the Subscriber, in *Springfield* Township, *Burlington* County, on the 7th of this instant, *February*, a Servant Man, named *Richard Trekle*. He is about twenty-two Years old, five Feet eight or nine Inches high, pretty well set, of a darkish Complexion and round faced. He is an Englishman, very talkative, has been a Soldier, and had a Bullet shot through his right Arm, in or near the Elbow, which causes it to be stiff. Had on when he went away, an old Beaver Hat, cut something like a Jockey-Cap, an old *Russia* Duck patch'd Shirt, two old Jackets, a Pair of old Leather Breeches and ribb'd Stockings, with black Leggings over them, an half worn pair of of Shoes, with Hob Nails in them and tied with Strings. He took with him a Wallet and some Provisions.

All Masters of Vessels are forbid to carry off said Servant, at their Peril, and whoever secures him in any of His Majesty's Gaols, so that his Master may have him again, shall have the above Reward, and all reasonable Charges, paid by

CHRISTOPHER BISHOP.

N. B. He went off from his Master at a Cedar Swamp on *Wading River* 21 25

NOTICE is hereby given, to all Persons indebted to the Estate of Philip Verplanck, late of the manor of Cortlandt, and County of Westchester, deceased; on Bond, Note, or Book Debt, are desired to discharge the same with the Subscribers, as soon as possible, on or before the first Day of May next, to prevent Trouble: Also all Persons that have any Demands against said Estate, to bring in their Accounts to have them settled with

JAMES VERPLANCK, and PHILIP VERPLANCK. } Executors.

20—

ISAAC ADOLPHUS,
At BURLING's-SLIP,

HAS for Sale, very fine Taunton Ale, and best Bristol Beer, in Bottles, by the Cask, or single Dozen; also North-River Butter by the Firkin. 5—

To have an Opportunity of making his Abilities more known, To the Advantage of those who wear

WATCHES.

THE advertiser will clean them, fit glasses, springs, inside chains; and perform every particular article in repairing, at *half the price*, charg'd by any other, and by taking on himself the future trouble, prevent the complaint, that these engines are an annual or continual expence.

And having had more practice, and general knowledge on new work than any yet in this country could have.—Those who are about to buy, sell, or change, may, by applying, be inform'd with certainty, the first cost, or value of any new, or old watch——Be cautious, there are many new watches imported, so bad, they cannot be render'd useful.

☞ Watches regulated, and such alterations which don't require much time; gratis.

J. SIMNET, WATCH-FINISHER, and Manufacturer, of *London*,
At the Dial, with a white Post, the low Shop, beside the Coffee-House Bridge, New-York. 20—

WHEREAS the Communication between the capital places of New-York and Boston, is of the greatest public concern: The subscribers, living in Hartford, have projected a plan upon proper encouragement, for establishing a STAGE-COACH, for the conveyance of passengers through that beautiful part of the country of the upper Post road, to and from these places; and accordingly have actually built two neat Coaches, for structure and convenience equal (if not superior) to the Providence and Portsmouth Stage carriages, and purpose to set off from Hartford on the first Monday of May next, the one for New-York, the other for Boston, to drive four good able Horses; change the set at about half the distance between those places; to arrive in Boston Wednesday night; return out of Boston Thursday noon, and to reach Hartford Saturday night, so as to complete the whole distance from New-York to Boston in the course of one week, and for about the price of the hire of a single Horse. To prevent all altercation and needless delay, every passenger is to enter his name at some place that will be appointed for the purpose, and pay half his passage a convenient time before the hour appointed for the Coach to set off from each place respectively.

And the subscribers would inform any person in New-York and Boston, that if they are disposed to unite with them in their endeavour to serve the public by furnishing a Coach to make a day's Journey out of their Towns upon the road, they will readily co-operate with them in this measure, and would be glad to receive from them the earliest notice of such intention, which will render the purchase of an additional number of Horses unnecessary to us.

JONATHAN BROWN,
NICHOLAS BROWN.

N. B. The STAGE-COACH, will put up at, and set out from Mr. Hull's Tavern, in the Board Way.

To the Creditors of John Durkee,

BE *pleased to take Notice, that I have petitioned the Honourable Representatives of the Freemen of Pennsylvania, in General Assembly met, for a Bill to be passed into a Law, to relieve my Person from Imprisonment.*

10 22. JOHN DURKEE.

THE *dwelling-house and farm of John Ogden, Esq; in Newark, containing about sixty-eight acres, will be sold at public vendue, at the dwelling-house of James Banks, innholder in said town, on Tuesday the fourteenth day of April next, at three of the clock in the afternoon; the lot on which the house stands, contains about twelve acres of excellent land; the house is large and built of stone, a good kitchen adjoins it, and many necessary and convenient out-houses,—on this lot is perhaps the best orchard in the government, the fruit well chosen, and particularly adapted for the making of such cider as truly merits the name of* Newark Cider; *there are also on it a sufficient number of other trees, that afford a plenty of the best apples for the table, that are to be found in the country,—among which are pippins of various kinds, &c.*

The pleasantness of the situation of fifty acres of the farm on the top of the hill, back of the town of Newark, is so well known, that it would be needless to say any more, than that it has the town of Newark, the Passaick-River, and the Newark Bay in full view, and commands a most elegant prospect of the city of New-York, the town of Bergen, Long-Island, Staten-Island, and other places for many miles round it. Few places are so well calculated for a gentleman's summer retreat as this farm; the prospect is grand, the air extremely pure, and from it's elevation will never be infested with the too common disturbers of a summer's evening's repose; on part of this, there is also a fine young orchard. The remaining six acres lie near the most public road, leading from New-York to Philadelphia, in the neck of land below the town of Newark, the quality of which land is well known to be good. The whole will be sold together or in parts, as shall best suit the purchaser or purchasers. The conditions will be made known at the time of sale, by

50 25 STEPHEN SKINNER.

INOCULATION.

THE Subscriber begs Leave to inform the Public, that he has opened a very convenient House in a remote, tho' pleasant Situation, within three miles of *New-Brunswick* for the Reception of such Persons as propose taking the Small-Pox by Inoculation. The best Attendance will be given, and every Thing proper for their Accommodation shall be furnished, at a very low and easy Rate.

MANY are detered from being incoculated, on Account of sore Arms, Boils and large Abscesses, often attending the common Method of treating the Disease, but more particularly from the ill Effects of the too free and indiscriminate Use of Mercury, by which, many (tho' they recover of the Small-Pox, yet the Constitution being injured,) soon fall Victims to some other Malady.

ALL these Inconveniences are avoided by a particular Method of prepasing the Patient, the most efficacious and the least detrimental to the Constitution, by the Manner of conveying the Infection, and by the subsequent Treatment of the Disease, without the least Confinement; the Advantages of which have been fully and clearly demonstrated in upwards of 400 Persons under the Subscriber's Care, in the space of a few Months, last Winter and Spring, without the Misfortune of losing any; nor has there died more than one of that Number since, which plainly shews the singular Advantages of this Method.

A sufficient Number to make it worth his While, in any Part of the Country not contiguous to a Person properly qualified, (I don't mean authorized) shall be waited on, at a short Notice, by the Publick's

Most obedient humble Servant,
JOHN COCHRAN.

NEW-BRUNSWICK, December 22. 1771.

To be sold, the following land, at private sale, till the 20th of March next, and if not then sold, will be sold at public vendue the 25th of March, on the premises, in Rombout's Precinct, Dutches county.

LOT No. 1, containing about three hundred acres, joining the North-river, with a very good framed house, forty feet long and 35 feet wide; also a very good barn, built all of cedar, also a grist-mill, in very good order for packing and bolting, also orchard and meadow ground sufficient, now in the occupation of Lawrence Lawrence.

Lot N° 2, containing about two hundred acres, joining lot N° 1, and is very good land, with a comfortable country dwelling-house and a complete barn and orchard, and meadow ground.

Lot N° 3, containing about one hundred and fifty acres, joins lot N° 2, and is very good land, with a middling dwelling-house, but a very good new barn, all covered with cedar; the land is almost all meadow ground, with a complete orchard.

Lot N° 4, containing two hundred and twenty three acres, joining lot N° 3, with a very good house and barn, and young orchard, and some meadow ground, and more may be made, with little charge.

For particulars, inquire of LAWRENCE LAWRENCE in Rombout Precinct, in Dutches county, or Mr. NATHANIEL MARSTON, merchant in New-York, who will agree for the same, and give a good title. 15 25

New-York, 14th Jan. 1772.

To be sold, at public Vendue,

The 6th Day of April next or at private Sale any Time before,

THE *place of Peter Bartine, in New-Rochelle, consisting of twenty one acres of good land, eighteen acres of which is good English mowing ground of an excellent soil; a good dwelling house, out-houses, and good barn;—its situation and prospect beautiful to the sound, adjoins New-Rochelle creek, and Mr. Bleecker's grist-mills; a harbour or landing belonging to and adjoining said place, sufficient for a sloop of an hundred tons—about twenty rods from the New-Rochelle town landing, where vessels of considerable burden, go in and out at low water; a public road leading from the country back to said landing, running before the door; upon the whole, it is beautifully situated for any kind of public business, by land or water, or both: The beautiful situation and prospect up and down the sound, in which none exceeds it, would render it a most beautiful country seat for a gentleman; fish in the season plenty, to be catched from off their own dock, or landing,—fowling, and many other conveniencies, too tedious to mention. Any person inclining to purchase the same, may agree upon reasonable Terms, by applying to the subscriber, living on the premises, who will give an indisputable title.*

PETER BERTINE.

New-Rochelle, Jan. 9. 1772. 12 26

FORTY SHILLINGS REWARD.

STOLEN last Friday from on board the brig York, a silver watch, N° 19907, maker's name George Axford, London, the edge of the outside case chased, the inside case marked H P C. Whoever will stop the said watch if offered for sale, so that the owner may have it again, and secure the thief, so that he may be brought to justice, shall receive the above reward, by applying to Dungan M'Dougal, on Golden-Hill. JAMES BOYLE.

New-York, Feb. 17, 1772. 20 21

HATS
MANUFACTURED by the Advertiser, to exceed in Fineness, Cut, Colour and Cock; and by a Method peculiar to himself, to turn rain, and prevent the Sweat of the Head damaging the crown.—Such Gentry and others, who have experienced his Ability, 'tis hoped will recommend.

NESBITT DEANE.

☞ Encouragement to those who buy to sell again.
Aside the Coffee-House Bridge, New-York. 95—

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office on HUNTER'S-QUAY, *Rotton-Row*, where all Sorts of Printing Work is done in the neatest Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertisements of no more Length than Breadth are inserted for Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after, and larger Advertisements in the same Proportion.